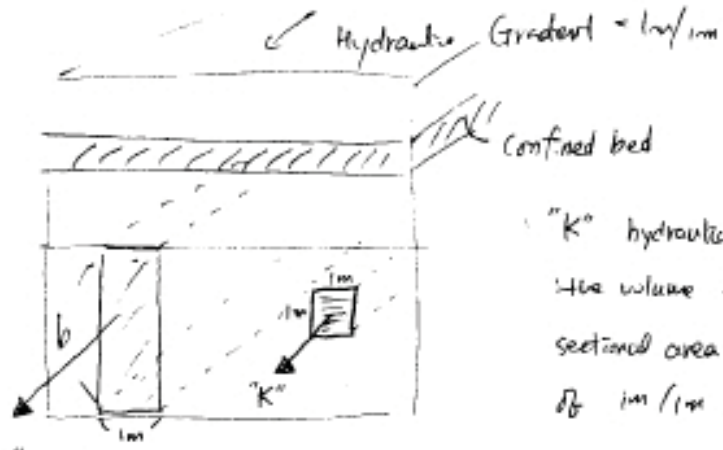


Pb 2.
7c



"K" hydraulic conductivity
= the volume of water flowing through a 1m x 1m cross-sectional area of an aquifer under the hydraulic gradient of 1m/1m in a given amount of time

"T" : transmissivity

= the volume of water flowing through a cross sectional area of an aquifer that is 1m x aquifer thickness (b), under a hydraulic gradient of 1m/1m in a given amount of time

$$Q = K A \left(\frac{dh}{dl} \right)$$

Q: discharge (volume of water per unit time)
K: hydraulic conductivity
A: cross-sectional area
 $\frac{dh}{dl}$: hydraulic gradient = 7m/1km

$$T = Kb$$

T: Transmissivity = 0.002 m²/sec

Following picture's definition, $A = b \times (1m) = b (m)$

$$Q = K A \left(\frac{dh}{dl} \right) = \left(\frac{T}{b} \right) (b) \left(\frac{dh}{dl} \right) = (0.002 \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}) \left(7m / 1000m \right) \left(\frac{1m}{1m} \right)$$

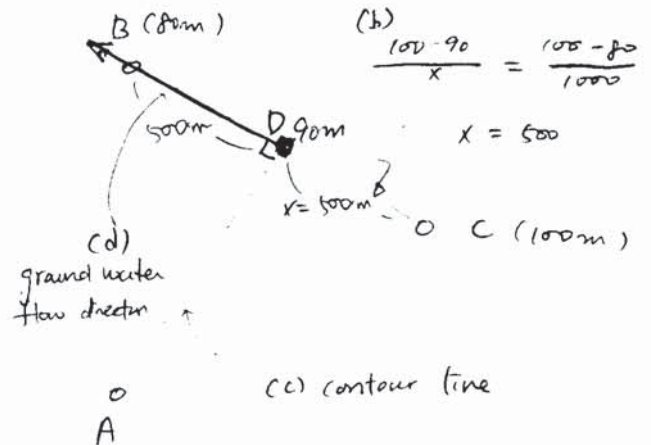
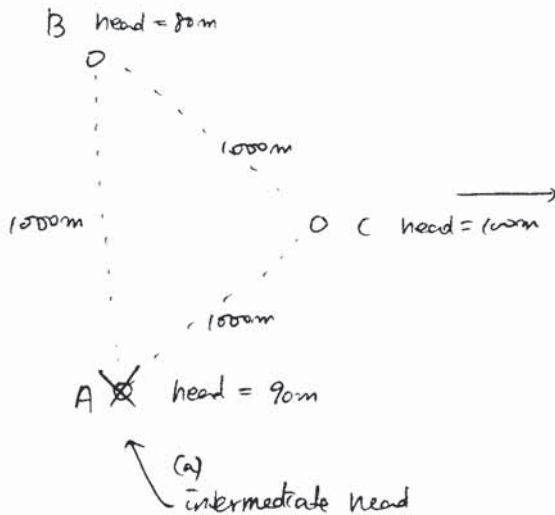
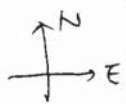
$$= 0.000014 \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$$

P63. $\bar{\Phi} = gz + P/\rho$

30

$$\begin{aligned} [\Phi] &= \left[\frac{L}{T^2} \right] [L] + \left[\frac{ML}{T^2 L^3} \right] / \left[\frac{M}{L^3} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{L^2}{T^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Pb2.	Surface elevation	Depth to water	Water level
f/c	A 95 m	5 m	90 m
	B 110 m	30 m	80 m
	C 135 m	35 m	100 m



Solution outline

- Identify intermediate water level \rightarrow Piezometer A
- Calculate where the elevation of intermediate Piezometer falls between the Piezometer having the highest and lowest head. \rightarrow Point D
- Draw a straight line from the piezometer with intermediate head to its elevation equivalent plotted along the straight line ~~between~~ (Point D). This line represents a segment of the water-level contour whereby the total head is the same as the intermediate piezometer
- Draw a line perpendicular to the water-level contour line just plotted with the piezometer of highest or lowest head. This line is the line that parallels ground water direction
- Now, calculate the difference b/m the head of the piezometer and that of the intermediate head contour by the distance b/m the piezometer and the contour to reveal the hydraulic gradient $\rightarrow \frac{100\text{m} - 90\text{m}}{500\text{m}} = 0.02\text{ m/m}$

